

# Two-Step LED Current Controller with Line Regulation Compensation

#### **Description**

The XR46203 is a two-step LED current controller with line regulation compensation for operating over a wide alternative current (AC) voltage source range. It can drive an external N-channel power MOSFET to regulate the current flowing through a high voltage (HV) LED string.

The XR46203 works as a constant current sink with linear type over voltage protection (OVP), linear type over temperature protection (OTP), and line regulation compensation. It is suitable for applications with a rectified AC voltage source.

The PCB design can be very compact to meet various shape requirements. It is especially suitable for replacing incandescent light bulb and linear type fluorescent lamps.

#### **Typical Application**

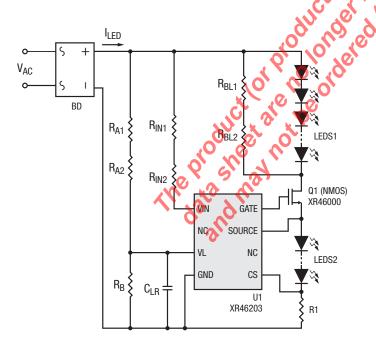


Figure 1. Typical 2-Step Application

#### **FEATURES**

- Device
  - Two current step control from single device
- Excellent system power regulation over AC line variation range
- 6V to 78V chip supply voltage range
- □ Over temperature protection
- Over voltage protection
- 3mm x 3mm TDFN-8 package
- System
- Single board LED lighting solution available
- □ All solid state components
- No electrolytic capacitor or MOV required
- Scalable architecture allows optimization of performance vs. cost
- Driver-on-board and chip-on-board design solution available which minimize process flow and assembly cost
- □ High PF and low THD performance
- □ Flexible PCB layout options
- TRIAC dimmable

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- LED Lighting Applications
  - Downlight
  - □ High bay
  - □ Specialty
- □ Architectural

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#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses beyond the limits listed below may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

#### Sustaining Voltage

8 8		
VIN, GATE, Source to GNI	D0.3V to 85V	
GATE to Source	0.3V to 7V	
Source to CS	0.3V to 70V	
VL to GND	0.3V to 7V	
CS to GND	0.3V to 1V	
VIN Input Current	3mA	
Source to CS Current	180mA	
Maximum Operating Junction	Temperature, T <sub>J</sub> 150°C	
Operating Temperature, Topr	40°C to 85°C	
Storage Temperature Range	55°C to 150°C	
Lead Temperature (Soldering,	10 seconds)260°C	لم
CS to GND  VIN Input Current  Source to CS Current  Maximum Operating Junction operating Temperature, Topr  Storage Temperature Range  Lead Temperature (Soldering, NOTE:  1. All voltages are with respect to Ground. On the specified terminal.  2. All parameters having Min/Max specification reference purpose only.  3. Unless otherwise noted, all tests are pulse therefore: T <sub>J</sub> = T <sub>C</sub> = T <sub>A</sub> .	Currents are positive into, negative out of tions are guaranteed. Typical values are sed tests at the specified temperature	6,00

#### **Operating Conditions**

Input Voltage, V <sub>IN</sub>	6 to 78V
Peak Level Current, IPFAK	20 to 180mA



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#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Unless otherwise noted, typical values are at  $T_A = 25$ °C.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	
VIN <sub>MIN</sub>	Minimum VIN supply voltage		6			٧	
I <sub>IN</sub>	VIN supply current	VIN = 6V to 73V		0.3		mA	
VIN <sub>Clamp</sub>	VIN over voltage clamp	When VIN > VIN <sub>Clamp</sub> , I <sub>IN</sub> will increase to > 1mA to clamp VIN at VIN <sub>Clamp</sub>	74	76	80	V	
V <sub>CS</sub>	CS voltage	V <sub>VL</sub> = 1.75V	244	250	256	mV	
$\Delta V_{LR1}$		V <sub>VL</sub> = 1.57V to 1.75V		-0.28			
ΔV <sub>LR2</sub>	CS voltage line regulation vs. V <sub>VL</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	V <sub>VL</sub> = 1.75V to 2.10V		-0.24		mV/mV	
ΔV <sub>LR3</sub>		V <sub>VL</sub> = 2.10V to 2.28V	0.00	-0.3			
V <sub>REF1</sub> /V <sub>REF0</sub>	Reference voltage ratio	100	86	90	94	%	
V <sub>CS</sub> ,Clamp	Maximum V <sub>CS</sub> clamp	VL under voltage protection, V <sub>VL</sub> \$1.45V	310	323	336	mV	
V <sub>Gate</sub>	Gate voltage	Gate to Source		5.4		V	
I <sub>SOURCE</sub>	GATE source current <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>Gate</sub> - V <sub>Source</sub> = 3V		30			
I <sub>SINK</sub>	GATE sink current <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>Gate</sub> - V <sub>Source</sub> = 3V		500	μA		
T <sub>TP</sub>	Thermal protection trip temperature <sup>(2)</sup>	When T <sub>J</sub> is higher than T <sub>TP</sub> , V <sub>CS</sub> decreases linearly	135	145		°C	
ΔV <sub>CS</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Thermal protection mode V <sub>CS</sub> decreasing slope <sup>(2)</sup>	T <sub>J</sub> > T <sub>TP</sub>		-1.1		%/°C	

temperature<sup>(2)</sup>

$$\Delta V_{CS}/\Delta T_{J} \qquad \text{Thermal protection mode } V_{CS} \qquad T_{J} > T_{TP}$$

NOTES:

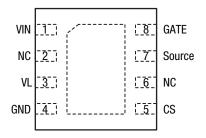
1. The CS voltage line regulation is defined as:
$$\Delta V_{LR1} = \frac{\Delta V_{CS}}{\Delta V_{VL}} = \frac{V_{CS}(v_{VL} = 1.75V) - V_{CS}(v_{VL} = 1.57V)}{1.75V - 1.57V}$$

$$\Delta V_{LR2} = \frac{\Delta V_{CS}}{\Delta V_{VL}} = \frac{V_{CS}(v_{VL} = 2.10V) - V_{CS}(v_{VL} = 1.75V)}{2.10V - 1.75V}$$

$$\Delta V_{LR3} = \frac{\Delta V_{CS}}{\Delta V_{VL}} = \frac{V_{CS}(v_{VL} = 2.28V) - V_{CS}(v_{VL} = 2.10V)}{2.28V - 2.10V}$$
2. Guarantee by design, not by production test.



## **Pin Configuration**



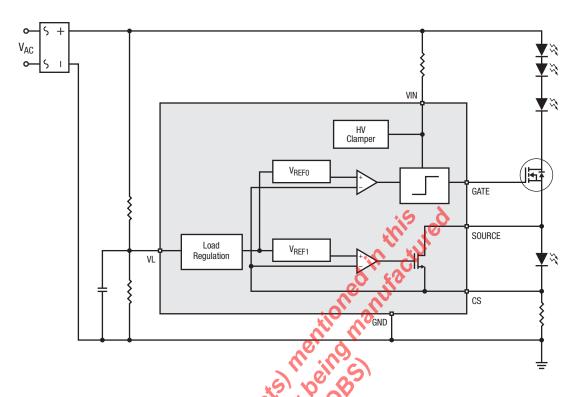
3mm x 3mm TDFN-8, Top View

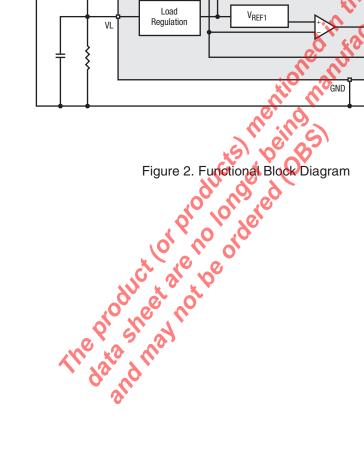
### **Pin Functions**

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description
1	VIN	Power supply pin.
2	NC	No connection.
3	VL	Line regulation sense pin. The reference voltage is adjusted according to VL to provide the line regulation compensation and to provide over voltage protection.
4	GND	Ground pin.
5	CS	Current sense pin. Connect a sense resistor, $R_{CS}$ , between this pin and the GND pin. The peak current is set by: $I_{OUT} = \frac{V_{CS}}{R_{CS}}$
6	NC	No connection.
7	Source	External HV NMOS source pin. The V <sub>F</sub> of the LED segment connected between the source pin and the CS pin should not be higher than 70V.
8	GATE	External HV NMOS gate driving pin Limited to 5.5V maximum.
Exposed The	rmal Pad (EP)	Exposed thermal pad of the chip. Use this pad to enhance the power dissipation capability. The thermal conductivity will be improved if a copper foil on PCB is soldered with the thermal pad. It is recommended to connect the exposed thermal pad to the GND pin.
		thermal pad to the GND pin.



### **Functional Block Diagram**







#### **Applications Information**

#### **Typical Application**

For a typical 2-step driving scheme using a single XR46203, the electrical performance is good enough to meet applications where the Power Factor (PF) is higher than 0.92 and the Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) is around 30%. If higher PF or lower THD is required, one more XR46083 or XR46084 can be added to the circuit to make a 3-step driving scheme, as shown in below. The 3-step system can provide better electrical performance with PF greater than 0.96 and THD approximately 20%. Line regulation, THD and PF performance are illustrated in Figures 5 and 6.

For a discussion regarding the basic circuit operation of MaxLinear's AC step drivers, see XR46083 Application Note.

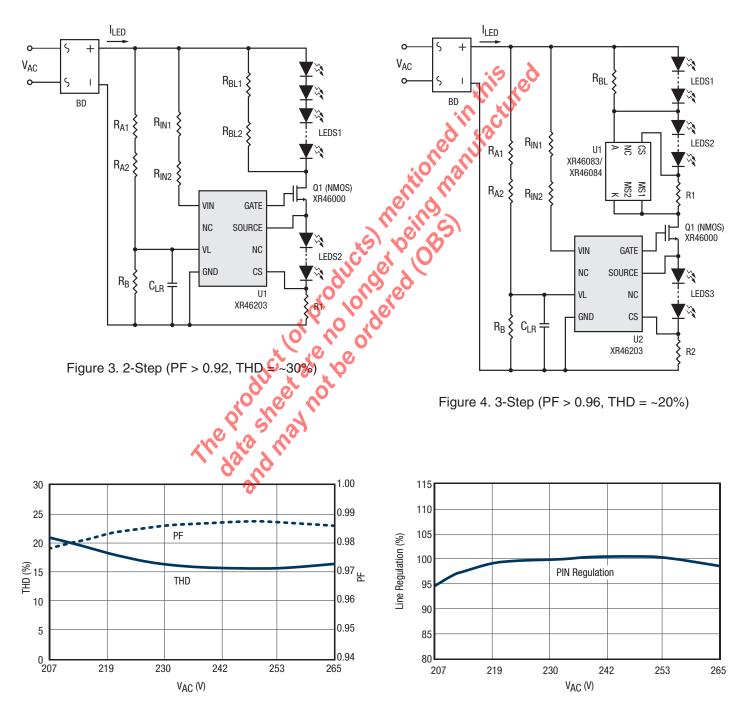


Figure 5. THD and PF vs. V<sub>AC</sub> for 3-Step Solution

Figure 6. Line Regulation vs. V<sub>AC</sub> for 3-Step Solution



#### **Applications Information (Continued)**

#### **Linear Type Thermal Protection**

When the junction temperature T<sub>J</sub> rises to the Thermal Protection Trip Temperature T<sub>TP</sub> (typically 145°C), the current sense voltage V<sub>CS</sub> starts to decrease linearly at a slope of -1.1%/°C. The LED driving current decreases proportionally with the V<sub>CS</sub> voltage. The system will function normally during the thermal protection mode with the lower driving current, but the power dissipation of the XR46203 chip will decrease until thermal equilibrium is reached.

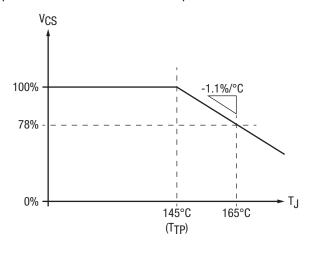


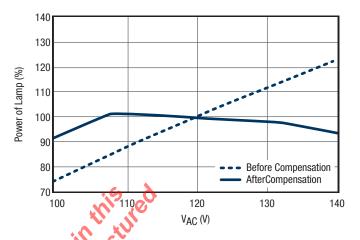
Figure 7. V<sub>CS</sub> vs. T<sub>J</sub>

#### Line Regulation Compensation

When there is variation in line voltage (V<sub>AC</sub>), the power of the lamp will also change if the LED driving current is kept unchanged. In order to provide good line regulation when V<sub>AC</sub> varies within a ±20% range, the average of the rectified V<sub>AC</sub> is sensed by the V<sub>L</sub> pin to provide compensation in order to attempt to keep the power of the lamp at the same level.

The LED driving current is adjusted as the voltage level V<sub>VI</sub> at the V<sub>I</sub> pin is changed. Based of the design, the LED driving current will be lower when VAC's higher than the nominal value, and the LED driving current will be higher when  $V_{AC}$  is lower than the nominal value. The system power can then be maintained at approximately the same level. During power on, the driving current may be slightly higher for a few cycles until steady state is reached.

With the compensation function, the XR46203 provides excellent power line regulation over a ±20% V<sub>AC</sub> variation range, as shown in Figures 8 and 9.



 $\sim$  Power Line Regulation (120 $V_{AC}$  ±15%)

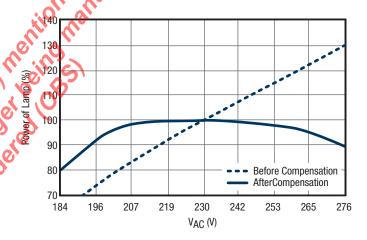


Figure 9. 230V<sub>AC</sub> Power Line Regulation (230V<sub>AC</sub> ±20%)

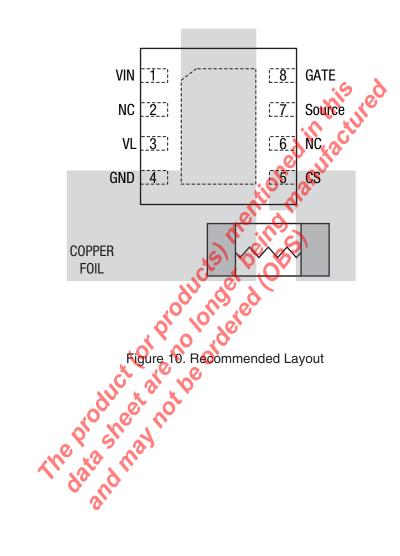


#### **Applications Information (Continued)**

#### Layout Suggestion

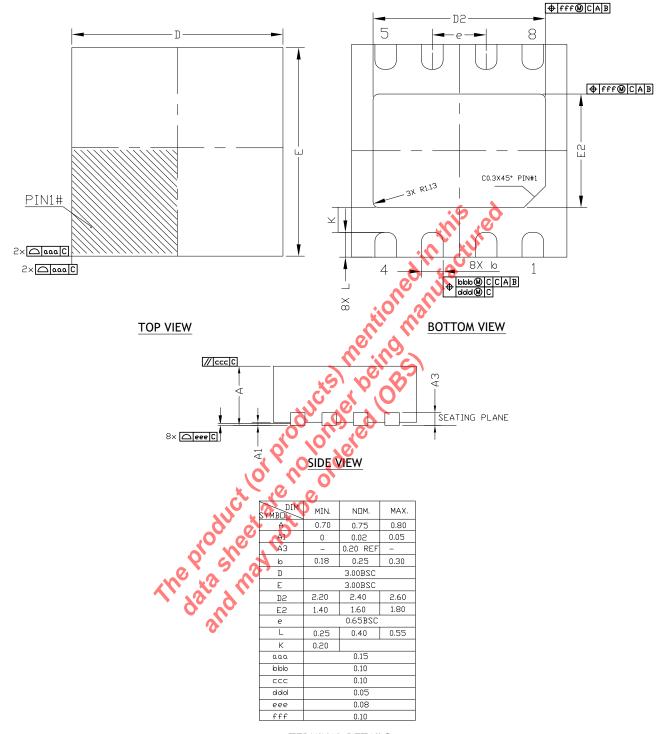
The exposed thermal pad under the chip is used to enhance the power dissipation capability of the DFN package. The thermal conductivity will be improved if a copper foil on the PCB that is soldered to the thermal pad can be as large as possible. It is strongly recommended to connect the GND pin to the exposed thermal pad.

The external HV NMOS is also recommended to be placed close to the XR46203. In addition, the current sense resistor connected between the CS pin and GND pin should be placed as close as possible to the CS pin and GND pin, as the example in below.





#### **Mechanical Dimensions**



TERMINAL DETAILS

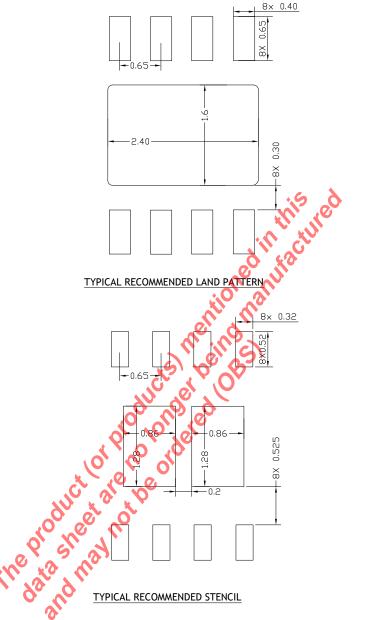
NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS, ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES.

Drawing No.: POD-00000088

Revision: D



#### **Recommended Land Pattern and Stencil**



NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS, ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES.

Drawing No.: POD-00000088

Revision: D



#### Ordering Information(1)

Part Number	Operating Temperature Range	Lead-Free	Package	Packaging Method
XR46203IHBTR	-40°C to 85°C	Yes <sup>(2)</sup>	TDFN8 3x3	Tape and Reel

#### NOTE:

- 1. Refer to <a href="www.exar.com/XR46203">www.exar.com/XR46203</a> for most up-to-date Ordering Information.
- 2. Visit www.exar.com for additional information on Environmental Rating.

#### **Revision History**

Revision	Date	Description
1.0	June 2015	Initial Release.
1A	Oct 2016	New datasheet format, update Typical Application and update Package Description.
1B	Aug 2018	Update to MaxLinear logo. Update format.
	The product	New datasheet format, update Typical Application and update Package Description.  Update to MaxLinear logo. Update format.  Update to MaxLinear logo. Update format.
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